Mixed-Number Multiplication

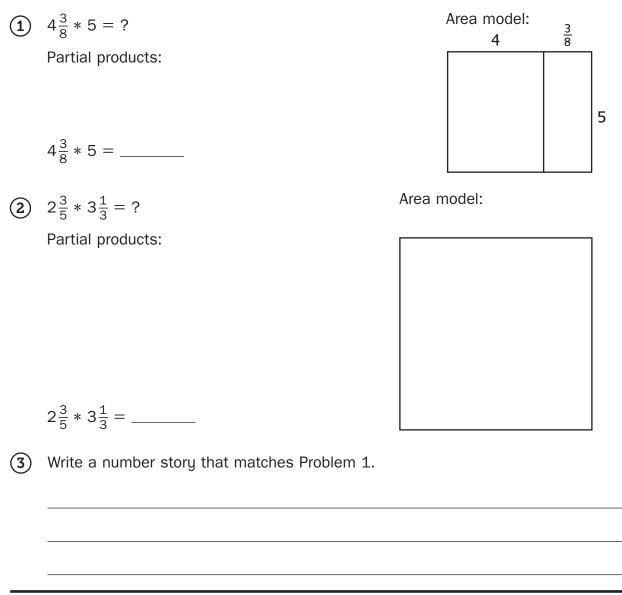
Home Link 7-1

NAME

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For Problems 1 and 2:

- Use the rectangle to make an area model. Label the sides. The model in Problem 1 has been started for you.
- Find and list the partial products. Label the partial products in the area model.
- Add the partial products to find your answer. You may need to rename fractions with a common denominator.



Practice

Solve.

$$(4) \quad \frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{8} = _$$

(5)
$$\frac{1}{16} + \frac{3}{4} =$$



More Mixed-Number Multiplication

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Solve Problems 1 and 2 using the method in the example below. Show your work.

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- **Example:** $2\frac{1}{5} * 1\frac{3}{4}$ • Rename any mixed or whole numbers as fractions: $2\frac{1}{5} = \frac{11}{5}$; $1\frac{3}{4} = \frac{7}{4}$
- Rewrite the problem using the fractions as factors: $\frac{11}{5} * \frac{7}{4}$
- Multiply using a fraction multiplication algorithm: $\frac{(11 * 7)}{(5 * 4)} = \frac{77}{20}$, or $3\frac{17}{20}$

1)
$$1\frac{3}{5} * 6 = ?$$
 2) $4\frac{1}{2} * 1\frac{5}{6} = ?$

$$1\frac{3}{5} * 6 =$$
 $4\frac{1}{2} * 1\frac{5}{6} =$

Solve Problems 3 and 4 using the method of your choice.

(3) What is the area of a table that is $1\frac{1}{4}$ m long and $2\frac{1}{3}$ m wide? Write a number model with a letter for the unknown. Then solve. Show your work.

Number	model:	
--------	--------	--

Answer: The	area of the	table is	m².

(4) Write a number story that can be solved by multiplying $2\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$. Then solve the problem. Show your work on the back of this page.

Number	storu:	
110111001	ocorg.	

Answer: _____

Practice

5 $\frac{11}{12} - \frac{3}{4} =$ _____

(6) $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{1}{6} =$ _____

	olving More Area oblems	Home Link 7-3 NAME	DATE TIME
Solv	e. Show your work. Write a number mode	el to summarize each solu	
1	The cover of Martina's book measures of the book cover?	$7\frac{1}{4}$ inches by 9 inches. W	/hat is the area
	Area:	Number model:	
2	The hallway floor in Ryan's school is co $\frac{1}{2}$ foot. Ryan counted and found that the		
	a. How many tiles cover the hallway flo	oor?	_
	b. What is the area of the hallway floor	?	
	Area:	Number model:	
3	An artist made a stained-glass window	that is $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet by $2\frac{3}{4}$ fee	t.
	a. What is the area of the window?	- ·	
	Area:	Number model:	
	 b. The artist's design used squares of How many colored squares did the a 		re $\frac{1}{4}$ foot by $\frac{1}{4}$ foot.
	Answer:	Number model:	
Pra	octice		

(4) $3\frac{1}{8} + 4\frac{2}{3} =$ _____ (5) $2\frac{1}{6} + 1\frac{5}{18} =$ _____

Solving Fraction Home Link 7-4 NAME TIME DATE **Division Problems** SRB Using Common Denominators to Divide 210 One way to divide fractions is to use common denominators. This method can be used to divide whole numbers by fractions and fractions by whole numbers. Example: $\frac{1}{3} \div 4 = \frac{1}{3} \div \frac{12}{3}$ Step 1 Rename the dividend and divisor as fractions with a common denominator. $1 \div 12 = \frac{1}{12}$ Step 2 Divide the numerators. Solve Problems 1–4. Show your work. Use multiplication to check your answer. (2) $4 \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$ (1) $5 \div \frac{1}{3} = ?$ Answer: _____ Answer: _____ Check: _____ Check: _____ $(3) \quad \frac{1}{6} \div 4 = ?$ (4) $\frac{1}{5} \div 6 = ?$ Answer: _____ Answer: _____ Check: ____ Check: _____ (5) Write a number story to match Problem 2. **Practice**

Using a Hierarchy

A pentagon is a shape with 5 sides. The shape below is a pentagon.

An equilateral pentagon is a pentagon

(1)

with 5 sides that are all the same length. The shape below is an equilateral pentagon.

Consider the pentagon hierarchy below. Use it to answer the questions.

- Answer Parts a-c to classify this shape on the hierarchy.
- **a.** Can this shape go in the top category, Pentagons? How do you know?

b. Can this shape go in the first subcategory, Equilateral pentagons? How do you know?

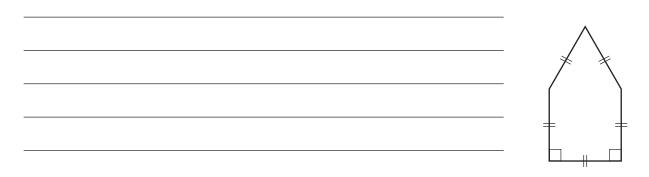
Equilateral pentagons with at least one right angle

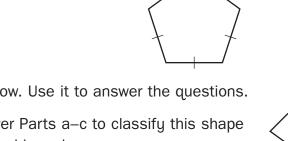
Pentagons

Equilateral pentagons

c. Can this shape go into the second subcategory, Equilateral pentagons with at least one right angle? How do you know?

(2)Describe how you would classify the shape below on the hierarchy. Start at the top and describe how you know if the shape fits in each category and subcategory.









NAME

The Quadrilateral Hierarchy	Home Link 7-6	DATE TIME
The quadrilateral hierarchy you used in class is in Quadrilaterals	below. Use it to answer the Fill in the blanks. a. All <u>trapezoid</u> <u>quadrilatera</u> not all <u>quadrilat</u> are <u>trapezoid</u> b. All not all not all	<pre> are is, but terals ds .</pre>
	are	·

- (2) **a.** All parallelograms have two pairs of parallel sides. Does this mean that all rectangles have two pairs of parallel sides? Explain how you can tell by looking at the hierarchy.
 - **b.** All trapezoids have at least one pair of parallel sides. Which other shapes have at least one pair of parallel sides? Explain how you can tell by looking at the hierarchy.

Practice (3) $\frac{1}{4} \div 8 =$ _____ (4) $\frac{1}{10} \div 3 =$ _____ **(6)** $\frac{1}{5} \div 12 =$ **(5)** $\frac{1}{6} \div 2 =$ _____

Property Pandemonium

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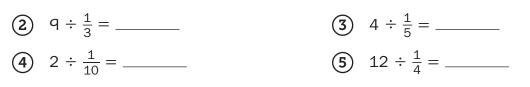
Imagine that you are playing Property Pandemonium. You already chose all of your cards and filled in the Property and Quadrilateral columns. Complete the Drawing, Additional Names, and Points columns for each round. Then find your total score.

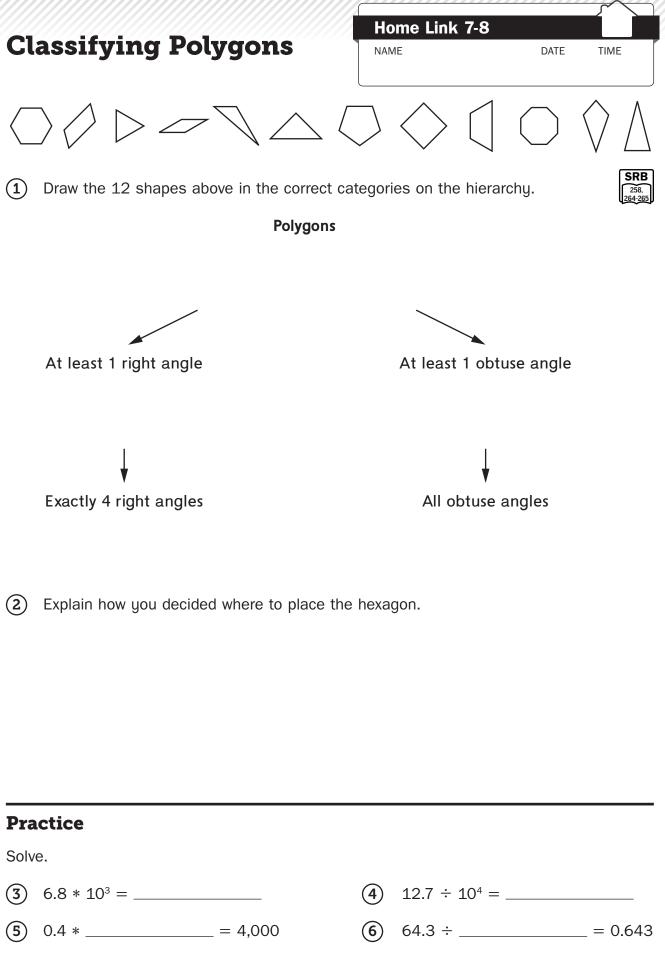


Round	Property	Quadrilateral	Drawing	Additional Names	Points
1	2 pairs of parallel sides	rhombus			
2	2 pairs of adjacent sides equal in length	parallelogram			
3	4 right angles	kite			
				TOTAL	

Practice

Divide.





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Plotting and Interpreting Line-Plot Data

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Marisela and her class are finding their finger-stretch measurements. The finger stretch is measured from the tip of the pinkie to the tip of the index finger with an outstretched hand. Below are the measurements for Marisela and her classmates to the nearest $\frac{1}{2}$ inch.

4	$6\frac{1}{2}$	6	
$5\frac{1}{2}$	5	5	
$4\frac{1}{2}$	$5\frac{1}{2}$	$4\frac{1}{2}$	
$5\frac{1}{2}$	$5\frac{1}{2}$	6	
$5\frac{1}{2}$	5	5	
$5\frac{1}{2}$ $4\frac{1}{2}$ $5\frac{1}{2}$ $5\frac{1}{2}$ $6\frac{1}{2}$	$5\frac{1}{2}$	6	
6	7	$6\frac{1}{2}$	
$5\frac{1}{2}$		2	
_			4 $4\frac{1}{2}$ 5 $5\frac{1}{2}$ 6 $6\frac{1}{2}$ 7
1	Plot the dat	ta on the line plot.	Finger-Stretch Length (in.)
2			I length of all the $6\frac{1}{2}$ -inch finger stretches. Iddition to help her find the total, then solve.
	Number mo	odel:	
	Answer:	inches	
3	4		<i>Itiplication</i> to find the total length of all Vrite a number model. Then solve.
	Number mo	odel:	
	Answer:	inches	
4	Find the tot	al length of all the	finger stretches in Marisela's class.
	A	inches	

(5) $4\frac{1}{5} * \frac{1}{3} =$ _____

6 $2\frac{5}{6} * 7\frac{1}{4} =$

Identifying Patterns

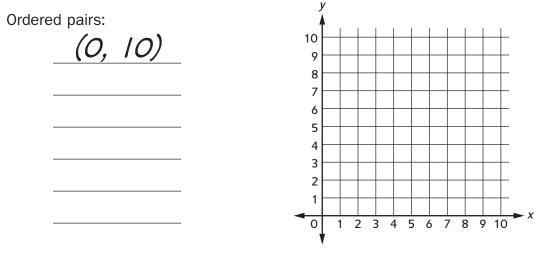
 a. Each column in the table below has a rule at the top. Use the rules to fill in the columns.

in (<i>x</i>) Rule: +2	out (<i>y</i>) Rule: — 2
0	10

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b. What rule relates the numbers in the *in* column to the numbers in the *out* column? *Hint:* What happens when you add the numbers in each row?

c. Write the numbers from the table as ordered pairs. Graph the ordered pairs on the grid. Draw a line to connect the points.



(2) How does your graph in Problem 1c show the +2 rule from the *in* column?

Practice

The digits in each product or quotient are given. Use an estimate to place the decimal point. Write a number sentence to show how you estimated.

(3)

 $42.96 \div 1.2 = 3 5 8$

(4) 19.2 * 8.8 = 1 6 8 9 6

Number sentence: _____

Number sentence: _____

Working with Rules, Tables, and Graphs

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Use the rule to complete the table. Write ordered pairs to represent the data. Then graph the ordered pairs and answer the questions.

(1) Cherry tomatoes cost \$2.50 per pound.

Rule: Cost = \$2.50 * weight in pounds

а.	Weight (pounds) (<i>x</i>)	Cost (dollars) (<i>y</i>)	C.	25				+
	1			20				
	3		st (\$)	15				
		15.00	Cost	10 5				
	10		.	5 •				+

- **b.** Ordered pairs:
- d. Plot a point to show the cost of 8 pounds of cherry tomatoes. What is the cost?
- e. Julius has \$12.00. Does he have enough money to buy 5 pounds of cherry tomatoes? Explain.
- **f.** Would you use the graph, the table, or the rule to find out how much 50 pounds of cherry tomatoes would cost? Explain.

Practice

Multiply. Show your work on the back of this page.

2

29.5 * 62.3 = _____



10

Weight (lb)

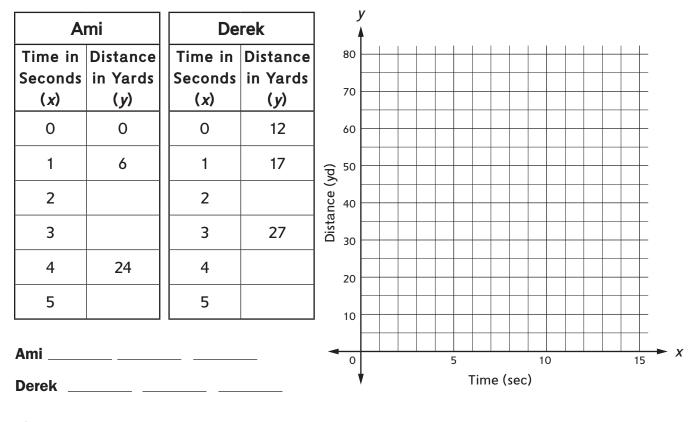
Interpreting Tables and Graphs

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Ami runs 6 yards per second. Derek runs 5 yards per second. Ami challenged Derek to an 80-yard race. She told him he could have a 12-yard head start.

- Complete the tables to show the distances Ami and Derek are from the starting line during the first 5 seconds of the race.
- Write 3 ordered pairs each for Ami and Derek.
- Graph the ordered pairs you wrote and connect them with a line. Extend each line to the 80-yard mark to find out who wins. Label each line.



(1) Who wins the race? How do you know?

Practice

Write an equivalent problem with a whole-number divisor. Then solve.

(2) $68 \div 0.5 =$ _____

3 7.92 ÷ 0.22 = _____

680 ÷ 5 = 136

Equivalent problem:

Equivalent problem:

Analyzing Patterns and Relationships

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NAME	DATE	TIME

)
1	Use the given rules to complete each column of the table.		SRB 51-52 55-56
2	Find a rule that relates the <i>in</i> numbers to the corresponding <i>out</i> numbers.	in (<i>x</i>) Rule: + 1	out (<i>y</i>) Rule: + 6
	Rule:	0	5
(3)	Write the numbers in the table as ordered pairs.	1	11
9			
_			
(4)	Graph the ordered pairs on the grid.		
	64 60 60 56 60 60 52 60 60 48 60 60 44 60 60 52 60 60 48 60 60 44 60 60 52 60 7 40 60 7 36 7 7 36 7 7 10 1 2 3 11 2 3 4 6 11 2 3 4 7 11 2 3 4 7 11 2 3 4 7 11 2 3 4 7 11 2 3 4 7 11 2 3 4 7 11 2 3 4 7 12 3 4 7 7 12 4 4 4 4 12 <td></td> <td></td>		
5	Use the graph to answer the questions below. Use the form	nula to check	your answers.
	a. When the <i>in</i> number is 8, what is the <i>out</i> number?		
	b. When <i>y</i> is 64, about how much is <i>x</i> ? About		

Practice

Solve. Show your work on the back of this page.

(6) $3\frac{1}{5} * 2\frac{2}{3} =$ **(7)** $8\frac{1}{2} * 12 =$ **(8)** $9 * 5\frac{1}{7} =$